

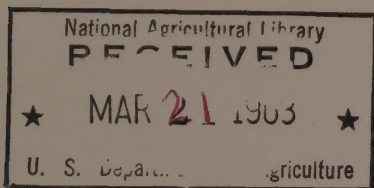


The
HOYT NURSERIES
NEW CANAAN, CONN.

Tel.: 966-1633

1848

1963





JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRY



VIBURNUM
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How To Reach Our Nursery

Our Nursery is located in the town of New Canaan, Conn., 40 miles from New York City and just ½ mile north of the Merritt Parkway, which connects with Hutchison River and other New York City and Westchester County parkway systems.

Approaching New Canaan from New York, turn right off the Merritt Parkway at exit 38 onto NEW CANAAN AVENUE, ROUTE 123. Turn right on State Highway passing back under Parkway and take first right, which is Carter Road, then proceed ½ mile to Nursery.

Approaching on Merritt Parkway from Bridgeport and East, take exit 38 off Parkway at NEW CANAAN AVENUE, ROUTE 123. Go straight ahead onto Carter Road, then proceed ½ mile to Nursery.

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INTRODUCTION

1848-1963

Our Nursery was started over 100 years ago on land situated on Carter Street in New Canaan. In the beginning the acreage was small, since only fruit trees were grown. However, through the years the Nursery grew until there were over 500 acres under cultivation.

During the past decade we have sold some acreage; however, we still have over 200 acres under cultivation, and we grow over 75 percent of all the plants that we sell.

In the past century, we have shipped hundreds of thousands of plants and trees to thousands of satisfied customers throughout our country. We plan to continue our Nursery for many years to come and are hopeful of gaining many more new customers and friends in the years ahead.

INFORMATION

LAWN building and lawn renovation should be carefully supervised. We believe this work is best accomplished by engaging a small local contractor who will be able to supervise the work in all stages. However, sound information regarding care of lawns and lawn renovation will be given if you call at the nursery and discuss your problems with us. A circular giving some highlights on lawn care will be mailed upon request without charge.

LAWN SUPPLIES. Seed, fertilizer, lime, spreaders, etc. are available for purchase at our nursery.

LANDSCAPING. Our experienced landscape man will gladly call and advise you about your planting problems. This service is available to you without charge.

The

STEPHEN HOYT'S SONS CO.

INCORPORATED

New Canaan • Connecticut

966-1633

Planting Instructions

HOW TO DO IT YOURSELF

1. When you receive your plants from THE HOYT NURSERIES they will be in healthy condition and ready to grow if properly handled.
2. Almost without exception they will be balled and burlapped (B&B), or grown in a metal container or paper pot. If the plant is in a metal container, remove plant from container before planting. If the plant is in a paper pot, leave plant in pot but slice pot before planting. Do not remove the burlap from the balled and burlapped plant; simply cut top of burlap after plant is put in hole, and fold it back from around stem.
3. Flowering plants of all varieties should be planted in sunny locations to obtain satisfactory blossoms. Planting areas, if possible, should be in locations which are well drained.
4. Before digging holes for plants (even small ground-cover plants), be sure to select the locations where they will look best when planted. Reason: Once a plant is watered in, it is difficult to move it without injuring the ball and perhaps killing the plant.
5. When digging holes for plant material, whether potted or balled and burlapped, be sure to dig ample-sized holes, at least one and one-half times the size of the balls. The hole should be deep enough to allow the top of the ball or paper pot to be slightly under the level of the ground when plant is placed in hole.
6. After plant is placed in hole as directed, fill hole two-thirds full of soil. If fertilizer is to be used (see "Fertilizing When Planting"), now is the time to use it. Spread a few handfuls around plant and fill hole with water. When water drains out, finish filling with soil up to level of ground. Leave earth in shape of a saucer around plant to catch and hold water.

HOW LONG CAN PLANTS BE SAFELY LEFT BEFORE PLANTING?

If plants are kept in a protected area and out of the sun and wind and well watered, it is safe to hold them for several days before planting. However, it is always best to plant as soon as possible.

FERTILIZING WHEN PLANTING

It is not necessary to use strong complete fertilizers (such as 10-6-4 or 8-6-4) when planting nursery plants. If fertilizer is used when planting, use organic types such as cow manure, Milorganite, Cottonseed Meal, etc. These fertilizers will not burn the young roots before the plant is established, and the plant will be aided by the natural slow feeding nitrogen in these organic fertilizers. In addition to organic fertilizers, it is well to work a little Peat Moss into the soil when planting. This will act as a ground conditioner, will lighten the soil and help to develop a better root system. It will also help to retain moisture.

FERTILIZING AND CARE AFTER PLANTING

1. After nursery plants have become established for a season or two, the complete fertilizers (such as 6-4-2, 8-6-4, etc.) may be used. These fertilizers should be spread on top of the ground and cultivated into the soil. Being near the surface, they will not burn the roots and yet they will leach into the soil where the roots will pick up the balanced food elements as they need them.
2. The soil around all plants should be kept loose and cultivated at all times, unless a ground cover is used. Loose soil prevents the ground from baking and drying out and helps to hold moisture underneath the surface where the roots are feeding.
3. During dry seasons WATER THOROUGHLY ONCE A WEEK OR TEN DAYS. DO NOT WATER EVERY DAY!

For further information call
THE HOYT NURSERIES
966-1633

NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS

OUR GUARANTEE

We guarantee to furnish nursery stock in first-class condition so that with careful planting and proper after-care, losses will be reduced to a minimum. The customers' complete cooperation is essential for best results.

Plants purchased in the Spring planting season will be replaced at half price in the Fall if they have failed to grow. Plants purchased in the Fall planting season will be replaced at half price the following Spring if they fail to leaf out. The cost of delivering and planting of replaced material is borne by the purchaser.

Because of special culture requirements for success with Roses, and the many factors that affect their survival, we cannot guarantee Roses to survive our New England Winters.

Our guarantee is void on accounts not paid in thirty days, or according to any special terms which may be arranged.

**Guarantee adopted by all members of the
New England Nurserymen's Association.**

BUSINESS HOURS

During SPRING AND FALL PLANTING SEASONS we are open from 7:30 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. weekdays. Sundays from 9:00 A.M. until noon and from 1:30 P.M. to 3:00 P.M.

During SUMMER AND WINTER MONTHS we are open from 7:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. *Saturdays and Sundays* by appointment only.

◀OUR PLANT MATERIALS and service are available to you directly or through your Landscape Architect.

◀PRICES—in this list do not include cost of delivering and planting. Plants are priced for our selection only. Specimen plants, many of which are not included in this list, will be charged for according to their individual value when selected by you. All quotations offered are subject to prior sale. These prices supersede all others and are subject to change without notice.

◀DELIVERIES—pro rated charge on scheduled trips. Special deliveries conflicting with normal schedule will be arranged and charged for at cost.

Ornamental and Shade Trees

SPRING PLANTING—Only certain sized shade trees are sold in the spring planting season after March 15. The trees are balled and burlapped and can be safely moved during April and May. Sizes on these trees are from 1½ to 3-inch caliper.

FALL PLANTING—All varieties and sizes of shade trees can be planted during the fall and winter season, starting October 20 through March 15 (except those varieties otherwise noted).

Acer • Maple

ACER palmatum atropurpureum. *Japanese Red Maple.*

A fine semi-dwarf, red-foliaged tree that stands out in any location.

	Each
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	\$12 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$17 50 to 25 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	25 00 to 35 00

A. platanoides. *Norway Maple.*

A beautiful, full, round-topped Maple with large green leaves. Casts a very dense shade. Holds foliage till late fall. Yellow autumn color.

A. platanoides schwedleri. *Schwedler Maple.*

A variety of the Norway Maple with rich purple-red leaves in early spring, changing to dark green in midsummer.

A. rubrum. *Red or Scarlet Maple.*

Bright red bloom covers all the branches in spring. Again in late fall its foliage turns crimson and orange. Although a native in damp soils, it thrives equally well in dry spots.

A. saccharum. *Sugar or Rock Maple.*

The most gorgeous Maple for fall color, ranging from yellow to a vivid scarlet. Upright and stately in growth.

Sizes and prices of above four varieties:	Each
1½ to 2-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B.....	\$18 50
2 to 2½-in. cal., 12 to 16 ft. high, B&B	\$30 00 to 40 00
2½ to 3-in. cal., 14 to 18 ft. high, B&B	35 00 to 50 00
3 to 3½-in. cal., 14 to 18 ft. high, B&B	45 00 to 65 00

Betula • Birch

Our Policy Regarding Planting of Birch

Birch must be planted in the late fall and winter. This season starts in December and extends through March.

BETULA alba. *European White Birch.*

Creamy white bark. Good as a background against evergreens; also used in clumps.

	Each
5 to 7-ft. single stem, B&B.....	\$7 50
6 to 8-ft. clump, B&B.....	15 00

B. alba laciniata. *Cut-leaf Weeping Birch.*

Deeply cut green leaves on white branches that droop gracefully to the ground like a large fountain.

	Each
6 to 8 ft., B&B.....	\$12 50

Ornamental and Shade Trees

Fagus • Beech

FAGUS sylvatica. European Green Beech.

Attractive green leaves. Grows slowly into beautiful specimens. Makes excellent hedges and screens.

F. sylvatica atropurpurea. Copper Beech.

One of our finest lawn trees, with wine-colored leaves in spring and early summer, fading to copper in July. This tree is one of the hardiest in the nursery.

Sizes and prices of Fagus, on application.

GLEDITSIA, Moraine. Moraine Locust. Plant Pat. 836.

A new shade tree which is thornless and seedless. Resistant to disease and insect damage. Absence of seed pods and the quick crumbling of leaves make this tree ideal from the garden maintenance standpoint.

	Each
1 to 1½-in. cal., 8 to 12 ft. high, B&B.	\$15 00
1½ to 2-in. cal., 10 to 14 ft. high, B&B.	20 00

LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua. Sweet Gum.

(Sold only for spring planting, March and April)

A fine pyramidal tree with large maple-like leaves which turn a blazing scarlet in the fall. Bark of corky texture. Suitable for swampy conditions as well as higher ground.

QUERCUS palustris. Pin Oak.

Sturdy, pyramidal, rugged, and irregular. Grows rapidly. Deeply cut green foliage turns rich crimson in fall. A swamp tree which can be planted to advantage in any type of soil.

Sizes and prices of Liquidambar and Quercus:	Each
1¾ to 2-in. cal., 8 to 12 ft. high, B&B.	\$20 00
2 to 2½-in. cal., 10 to 14 ft. high, B&B.	30 00
2½ to 3-in. cal., 12 to 18 ft. high, B&B	\$35 00 to 50 00
3 to 4-in. cal., 15 to 20 ft. high, B&B. .:	50 00 to 75 00

Larger sizes on application.

PLATANUS orientalis. European Plane.

Large, picturesque, fast-growing tree, easily recognized by its gray and white bark. Most useful for streets, parks, seashore, and rough situations where a tough durable specimen is required. Resists insects.

	Each
1½ to 2-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B.	\$20 00
2 to 2½-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high, B&B.	30 00

SALIX, Niobe. Golden Weeping Willow.

Fast growing, with fine foliage. Distinct in winter, due to its golden bark. A graceful weeper.

SORBUS aucuparia. Mountain-Ash.

Well known in Europe for its great clusters of orange-red fruit. The robins in this country love these berries.

Sizes and prices of Salix and Sorbus:	Each
1½ to 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high, B&B.	\$15 00
2 to 2½-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B.	20 00
2½ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B.	25 00



Cornus florida (White-Flowering Dogwood)

Flowering Trees

There is probably no group of deciduous plants as popular or well known as this one. Their interesting habits of growth, glossy foliage, and gorgeous spring blooms, followed by attractive fruit of many colors in late summer and fall, make them an all-year-round satisfaction. Trees in this group thrive in almost all kinds of soil, and most varieties are very hardy. They flower best in full or partial sunshine.

CERCIS canadensis. Redbud; Judas-Tree.

Broad, irregular, vase-shaped tree that flowers from stem to tip before leaves appear. Flowers are rosy pink. A fine plant for wooded areas.

	Each
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	\$6 00

Cornus • Dogwood

CORNUS florida. White-Flowering Dogwood.

The early spring beauty of its pure white flowers, the summer freshness of its soft green leaves, and the fall splendor of brilliant scarlet foliage and orange-red berries, as well as its individual habit of growth, make this tree outstanding.

	Each
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	\$7 50
6 to 8 ft., B&B.....	15 00
8 to 9 ft., B&B.....	\$20 00 to 35 00
9 to 10 ft., B&B.....	25 00 to 40 00
10 to 12 ft., B&B.....	35 00 to 50 00

C. florida rubra. Pink-Flowering Dogwood.

Similar in beauty of growth to the White-Flowering Dogwood. Pink flowers add distinction to this variety. Most effective when planted among White Dogwood, for its leaves are more brilliant in the fall.

	Each
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	\$10 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	13 50
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	\$17 50 to 30 00
7 to 8 ft., B&B.....	22 50 to 35 00

Flowering Trees

Cornus kousa. *Japanese Dogwood.*

A shrubby plant. Has large clusters of white flowers with distinct centers. Blooms after foliage appears, a month later than our native Dogwood.

	Each
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	\$10 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	12 50
6 to 8 ft., B&B.....	\$17 50 to 20 00

Crataegus • Hawthorn

CRATÆGUS cordata. *Washington Hawthorn.*

White flowers. Red fruit lasting into winter. Fine foliage and color in autumn.

	Each
8 to 10 ft., B&B.....	\$35 00 to \$45 00
10 to 12 ft., B&B.....	50 00 to 75 00

C. monogyna plena. *Paul's Double Scarlet Hawthorn.*

Brilliant red flowers in clusters. Scarlet fruit.

6 to 8 ft., B&B.....	\$12 50
8 to 10 ft., B&B.....	15 00

C. monogyna rosea. *Paul's Double Pink Hawthorn.*

Pale pink flowers in clusters. Scarlet fruit.

6 to 8 ft., B&B.....	\$12 50
8 to 10 ft., B&B.....	15 00

GORDONIA alatamaha. *Gordonia (Franklinia).*

Low-branching ornamental tree reaching a height of 15 to 20 feet. Creamy white flowers in September and October. Shiny green foliage turning scarlet in fall.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$10 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	12 50

LABURNUM vossi. *Vossi Golden-Chain.*

A small tree bearing long racemes of golden blossoms in June. Pea-shaped flowers, in clusters like wisteria.

6 to 8 ft., B&B.....	\$10 00
8 to 10 ft., B&B.....	12 50

MAGNOLIA soulangeana. *Saucer Magnolia.*

Pink cups with white inner walls.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$8 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	10 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	15 00

M. soulangeana lennei. *Lenne Magnolia.*

Immense tulip-shaped flowers of deep purplish rose.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$8 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	10 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	15 00

M. stellata. *Star Magnolia.*

Pure white, single flowers.

2 to 2½ ft., B&B.....	\$10 00
2½ to 3 ft., B&B.....	12 50

OXYDENDRUM arboreum. *Sorrel-Tree.*

A truly beautiful specimen. Shiny long green foliage. Fall finds this plant with clusters of waxy flowers and the leaves changing to vivid scarlet. Blends well in dogwood plantings.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$5 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	7 50

Flowering Trees

Malus • Flowering Crab-Apple

These hardy flowering Crab-Apples thrive in almost all locations and exposures. No other flowering tree or bushes give such a profusion of bloom in the springtime. In the autumn they are adorned with clusters of fruits in many colors. Crab-Apples do best in a sweet, well-drained soil and require full sunshine for best results.

MALUS arnoldiana. Arnold Crab-Apple.

Flowers in May, semi-double, deep pink. Bears miniature yellow apples relished by birds.

M. atrosanguinea. Carmine Crab-Apple.

Single, dark pink flowers in May, shading into light crimson. Broad, shapely grower. Miniature yellow fruit in fall.

M. floribunda. Pink and White Crab-Apple.

Light pink flowers in May, followed by attractive tiny yellow and pink-cheeked apples in fall.

M. halliana parkmani. Parkman Crab-Apple.

Hanging clusters of pink flowers. Semi-dwarf in growth.

M., Hopa. Hopa Red Flowering Crab-Apple.

Rose-red flowers; red fruit. Hardy variety similar to *M. purpurea eleyi* with reddish leaves, but tree spreads more.

M. purpurea eleyi. Eley Crab-Apple.

A free-blooming, deep pink Crab-Apple with reddish foliage. Flowers in May. Bears miniature red fruit in fall.

M. scheideckeri. Scheidecker Crab-Apple.

Large, semi-double, pink flowers. Formal, upright grower. Bears waxy yellow fruit.

M. spectabilis. Chinese Crab-Apple.

Fragrant, double, delicate pink flowers. Beautiful upright plant. Bears small yellow fruit.

M. theifera. Tea Crab-Apple.

Flowers in May. Sturdy, spreading tree with entire branches covered with flowers which are white or tinted with pale pink.

Sizes and prices of above nine varieties of Malus:

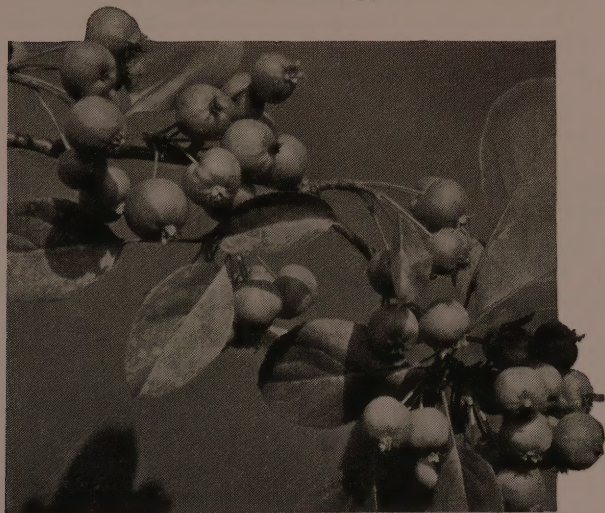
	Each
5 to 6 ft., B&B, heavy	\$10 00 to \$20 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B, heavy	15 00 to 25 00
7 to 8 ft., B&B, heavy	20 00 to 35 00

M. sargentii. Sargent's Crab-Apple.

Pure white flowers. Dwarf. Brilliant red berries which last well into the winter.

2 to 3 ft., B&B	\$7 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B	10 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B	15 00

Fruits of Crab-Apples



Flowering Trees

Prunus • Flowering Japanese Cherry

This fine flowering tree from Japan thrives in this locality. The weeping variety blooms early and is very attractive in its habit of growth. The blooms of the Upright Cherry come later and last longer. They are single or double, depending on variety, and their colors range from blush to deep pink. They flower best in full sunlight.

PRUNUS Kwanzan. *Pink Double-flowering Cherry.* Each
 5 to 6 ft., B&B.....\$12 50
 6 to 7 ft., B&B..... 17 50

P. serrulata pendulata. *Pink Weeping Japanese Cherry.*
 5 to 6-ft. stem, 4-yr. head, B&B.....\$17 50 to \$25 00

Evergreens

Evergreens give permanent beauty all the year, carrying their beautiful richly colored foliage through the winter when deciduous trees and shrubs are leafless. Every home-builder, no matter how small the grounds, needs them. They not only provide privacy, but are indispensable for shelter and wind-breaks, hedges, backgrounds, and specimens in landscape work. The slow-growing and spreading varieties such as Yews and Junipers are available for use in house and garden plantings. Practically all evergreens require light and air. Yews and Hemlocks are the most tolerant of shade.

All Evergreens B&B (Balled & Burlapped)

CEDRUS atlantica glauca. *Blue Atlas Cedar.*
 A very distinctive ornamental tree with rich blue foliage.
 Each
 4 to 5 ft.....\$15 00
 5 to 6 ft..... 20 00

CRYPTOMERIA japonica lobbi compacta. *Temple Tree.*
 An irregular-growing pyramidal tree of Oriental appearance, changing from green to golden bronze in winter.
 4 to 5 ft.....\$15 00
 5 to 6 ft..... 20 00
 6 to 7 ft..... 25 00

Juniperus • Juniper; Cedar

JUNIPERUS chinensis compacta. *Compact Pfitzer Juniper.*
 Green foliage covers graceful, dense branches to form a very compact dwarf type of plant.

J. chinensis hetzi glauca. *Hetz Blue Juniper.*
 Quite spreading in habit. Striking intense blue foliage.

J. chinensis pfitzeriana. *Pfitzer Juniper.*
 A hardy, spreading, irregular Juniper. Two-tone green foliage. Will stand city conditions well. One of our best evergreens.

J. communis depressa plumosa. *Andorra Juniper.*
 A valuable, spreading, feathery Juniper. Fine for slopes; also a good plant for border work. Turns a bronze color in the fall.

Sizes and prices of above four varieties: Each
 15 to 18 in.....\$5 00
 1½ to 2 ft..... 6 00
 2 to 2½ ft..... 8 00
 2½ to 3 ft..... 10 00

Evergreens

Juniperus chinensis sargentii. Sargent Juniper.

A very hardy, trailing Juniper of compact growth. Good ground cover; valuable for rockery. Blue or green.

J. horizontalis, Bar Harbor. Bar Harbor Juniper.

A fine prostrate spreading Juniper with unlimited uses. Soft blue-gray.

Sizes and prices of above two varieties:	Each
12 to 15 in.....	\$5 00
15 to 18 in.....	6 50

J. chinensis columnaris. Columnar Juniper.

A rapid-growing, narrow Cedar. Blue-green foliage. Should be trimmed annually.

J. virginiana cannarti. Cannart Juniper.

A very attractive hybrid having dark green, bunchy foliage. Bears porcelain-blue fruit in late summer. One of the best upright Junipers.

J. virginiana keteleeri. Keteleer Cedar.

A rugged, compact, pyramidal Cedar, bearing large, light blue berries in the fall. Has very attractive foliage, always free from disease.

Sizes and prices of above three varieties:	Each
3 to 4 ft.....	\$10 00
4 to 5 ft.....	\$12 50 to 17 50
5 to 6 ft.....	15 00 to 20 00

Pinus • Pine

PINUS montana mughus. Mugho Pine.

A very fine low-growing Pine, used successfully in border work. One of the best for shore plantings. Hardy. Each

10 to 12-in. spread.....	\$5 00
12 to 15-in. spread.....	6 00

P. resinosa. Red Pine.

A good Pine for this section. Fast-growing, with heavy dark green needles. Good for windbreaks and a quick screen. Does best in well-drained soil.

4 to 5 ft.....	\$12 50
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P. strobus. White Pine.

A native Pine, probably the best known of all. Great favorite for planting with birch and hemlock; also a fine screen tree. Pruning makes it more dense. A five-needle Pine.

3 to 4 ft.....	\$10 00
4 to 5 ft.....	\$12 50 to 17 50
5 to 6 ft.....	15 00 to 20 00
6 to 7 ft.....	20 00 to 25 00

P. thunbergi. Japanese Black Pine.

Irregular gnarled branches; light green foliage. Excellent for shore planting. Very hardy.

3 to 4 ft.....	\$12 50
4 to 5 ft.....	\$17 50 to 25 00
5 to 6 ft.....	22 50 to 30 00

Pseudotsuga • Douglas Fir

This evergreen is a rapid, graceful grower. Its foliage varies from light to dark green, and in some types even to a bluish green. It is perfectly hardy and transplants easily. This conifer thrives in exposed locations and grows well in moist as well as well-drained soils. It is used for windbreaks, screens, or as a specimen tree; also used extensively for Christmas trees.

PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi. Douglas Fir.

	Each
4 to 5 ft.....	\$12 50
5 to 6 ft.....	15 00
6 to 7 ft.....	25 00

Evergreens

Taxus • Yew

TAXUS baccata repandens. *English Spreading Yew.*

A flat-growing, dark green Yew. Good for foundation, cemetery, rockery and border plantings. Each

12 to 15 in.....	\$5 00
15 to 18 in.....	6 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$8 00 to 10 00

T. cuspidata. *Japanese Spreading Yew.*

A spreading Yew, bearing beautiful red berries in fall. Responds well to shearing, yet is attractive when allowed to develop naturally. Excellent for hedges, borders, and foundation plantings. Does fairly well in shade.

15 to 18-in. spread	\$6 00
1½ to 2-ft spread	6 75
2 to 2½-ft. spread	10 00
2½ to 3-ft. spread	12 50
3 to 3½-ft. spread.....	17 50

T. cuspidata capitata. *Japanese Pyramidal Yew.*

Handsome pyramidal tree. Its dark green foliage is covered with red berries in the fall. Fine for formal plantings, hedges, or as specimens. Our plants in this variety are a far superior type.

3 to 4 ft.....	\$15 00
4 to 5 ft.....	20 00

T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia). *Dwarf Japanese Yew.*

We believe Nana to be the best of all the Yews. Artistic and irregular, spreading growth if allowed its freedom. It is very hardy and has deep green foliage. Truly an aristocrat. It may be used as a specimen or for dwarf hedges.

10 to 12 in.....	\$5 00
12 to 15 in.....	6 00

T. media browni. *Brown's Yew.*

Similar to Cuspidata Yew but slower and more compact growing.

T. media densiformis. *Dense Yew.*

A very dense, compact grower with dark green foliage.

T. media hatfieldi (spreader). *Hatfield's Spreading Yew.*

Similar in color and foliage to Hatfieldi, but more spreading in growth.

Sizes and prices of above three varieties:	Each
15 to 18-in. spread....	\$6 50
1½ to 2-ft. spread.....	7 50
2 to 2½-ft. spread.....	\$10 00 to 15 00
2½ to 3-ft. spread.....	15 00 to 22 50

T. media hatfieldi. *Hatfield's Yew.*

Similar to Hicks Yew except that it does not yield berries.

12 to 15 in.....	\$5 00
15 to 18 in.....	6 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	7 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$10 00 to 17 50

T. media hicksi. *Hicks Yew.*

Having a columnar habit of growth, it may be substituted for the Irish Yew in cold climates. Very dark green in color, it is valuable in formal gardens and when planted close makes a fine hedge.

12 to 15 in.....	\$5 00
15 to 18 in.....	6 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	7 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$10 00 to 17 50

T. media hunnewelliana. *Hunnewell Yew.*

Dark green, fine needled, vase shaped, spreading.

15 to 18 in.....	\$6 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	8 50

Evergreens

Thuja • Arborvitæ

THUJA occidentalis globosa. *Globe Arborvitæ*.

Compact, globe-shaped plant. Good for foreground planting.

	Each
12 to 18 in.....	\$3 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	4 00

T. occidentalis nigra. *Dark American Arborvitæ*.

Fast-growing, hardy, pyramidal tree, useful for screening and hedging.

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. *Pyramidal Arborvitæ*.

A dense, slender green pyramid, probably the best in its family. Good for formal work; a good hedge plant.

T. occidentalis semperaurea. *Goldentip Arborvitæ*.

Dense, pyramidal tree. Dark green foliage, tipped with deep gold. This thrives well in almost complete shade.

Sizes and prices of above three varieties:

3 to 4 ft.....	\$6 00
4 to 5 ft.....	8 50
5 to 6 ft.....	11 50
6 to 7 ft.....	13 50

Tsuga • Hemlock

Stately grace and dignity characterize the Hemlock, which we consider the most beautiful of the larger North American evergreens. Its attractive dark green foliage weeps gracefully and is tipped with the bright green of new growth during the spring. Hemlocks are hardy and thrive in almost any soil. They tolerate the shade better than other evergreens and are very adaptable, being used for hedges, backgrounds for gardens, or as specimens. They stand shearing or pruning or may be allowed to grow naturally.

TSUGA canadensis. *Canadian Hemlock*.

T. caroliniana. *Carolina Hemlock*.

Has a longer, wider needle than our native type. More irregular and slower in growth.

Sizes and prices of both varieties:	Each
2 to 3 ft.....	\$7 50
3 to 4 ft.....	10 00
4 to 5 ft.....	\$15 00 to 20 00
5 to 6 ft.....	20 00 to 30 00
6 to 7 ft.....	30 00 to 40 00

Tsuga canadensis (Canadian Hemlock)



Azaleas

Happily situated by being planted in full sunshine but protected from winter winds, Azaleas produce brilliant blossoms of many colors. They want an acid soil, and during blooming time require an abundance of moisture. Some of our native types grow into fairly large bushes, but most Azaleas seldom attain a height of more than 3 or 4 feet.

All Azaleas B&B (Balled and Burlapped)

AZALEA, Delaware Valley.

Large pure white flowers.	Each
12 to 15 in.....	\$6 00

A., Ghent Hybrid.

Shades of yellow to orange.	
18 to 21 in.....	\$8 50

A. hinodegiri.

Single brilliant carmine-pink flowers. Nearly evergreen.	
15 to 18 in.....	\$4 95
18 to 21 in.....	6 25

A. hinomayo.

Beautiful soft pink flowers.	
12 to 15 in.....	\$6 00
15 to 18 in.....	7 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	8 50

A. kaempferi fedora. Hybrid Torch Azalea.

Salmon-pink flowers in May.	
15 to 18 in.....	\$4 95
1½ to 2 ft.....	6 25

A. ledifolia alba.

Pure white flowers in May. Semi-evergreen.	
15 to 18 in.....	\$6 25
18 to 21 in.....	6 95
2 to 2½ ft.....	8 50

A. maxwelli alba.

White flowers.	
15 to 18 in.....	\$6 25
18 to 21 in.....	6 95
2 to 2½ ft.....	8 50

A. mollis. Hybrid Azalea.

Yellow, salmon and apricot shades. Flowers in May.	
12 to 15 in.....	\$4 00
15 to 18 in.....	5 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	6 00

A. poukhanensis. Korean Azalea.

Pale lavender. Large blooms sweetly scented.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$5 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	6 50
2½ to 3 ft.....	7 50

A. schlippenbachii. Royal Azalea.

Attractive, large, rose-pink blossoms in June.	
12 to 15 in.....	\$5 00
15 to 18 in.....	6 50

Deciduous Native Azaleas

AZALEA calendulacea. Flame Azalea.

Probably the most brilliant of our native shrubs. Flowers in late May, orange to scarlet in color.

A. nudiflora. Pinxterbloom.

A native pink, blooming in mid-May.

A. vaseyi. Pinkshell Azalea.

Beautiful shell-pink flowers in early May.	
Sizes and prices of above three varieties:	Each
15 to 18 in.....	\$5 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	6 00

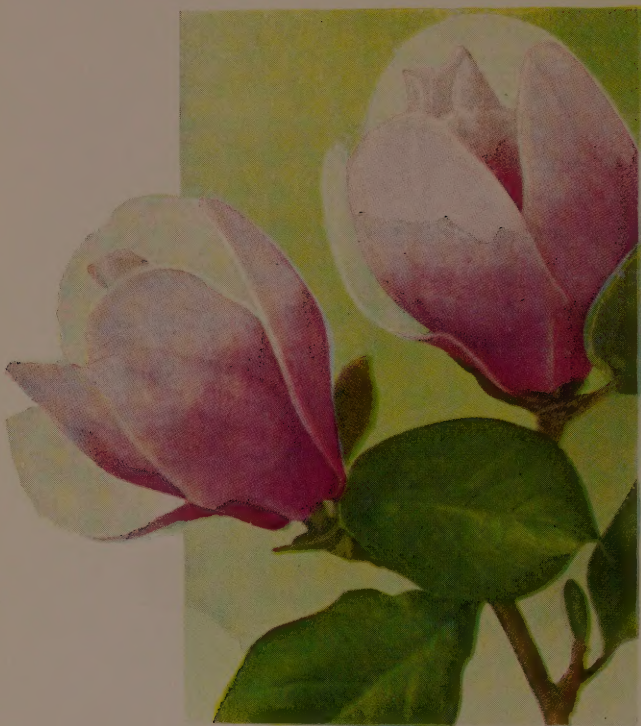


SPRINGTIME IN THE GARDEN

These Azaleas are available in our sales garden.



FIRETHORN



SAUCER MAGNOLIA



ENKIANTHUS



BROWN'S YEW



SARGENT JUNIPER



JAPANESE ANDROMEDA



WEeping JAPANESE CHERRY



MOUNTAIN LAUREL

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

The importance of this class of plant material has long been recognized by many garden lovers. Since most are evergreen, they present an attractive appearance in both summer and winter. They are comparatively slow growers, are easy to keep in bounds, and grow more beautiful with age. All of these varieties grow best in a light, well-drained soil using plenty of leaf-mold or peat moss when planting. Some varieties require protected locations for best growing results. Certain varieties do well in the shade.

All B&B (Balled and Burlapped) except where otherwise noted

ABELIA grandiflora. *Glossy Abelia.*

A dainty evergreen shrub bearing little bell-shaped pink flowers. Blooms throughout the summer until frost. Excellent for garden plantings. May be cut back every spring. Each

1½ to 2 ft. \$3 95

BERBERIS julianae. *Wintergreen Barberry.*

Evergreen. Deep green lustrous leaves turning vivid scarlet before they fall. Clustered yellow flowers; purplish fruits. Good for hedge.

1½ to 2 ft. \$6 00

2 to 2½ ft. 7 50

2½ to 3 ft. 8 50

B. verruculosa. *Warty Barberry.*

Bushy, and densely clothed with small, shiny green, holly-like leaves. Attractive yellow flowers followed by inconspicuous black fruit. Good for border work, hedges and rockeries.

15 to 18 in. \$6 00

BUXUS sempervirens. *Boxwood.*

Hardest type of Boxwood. Dark green color, compact in growth. Adaptable for use as edging, specimens and in topiary work.

6 to 8 in. \$1 50

8 to 10 in. 2 50

10 to 15 in. 3 50

ILEX aquifolium. *English Holly.*

Dark glossy green foliage and red berries in the fall. Should be planted in a sheltered place.

2 to 2½ ft. \$10 00

2½ to 3 ft. 12 00

3 to 3½ ft. 13 50

I. crenata. *Japanese Holly.*

Dense-growing, upright plant with dark green, box-like leaf. Small black fruit. Blends well in any evergreen planting; also used as a specimen.

2 to 2½ ft. \$8 50

2½ to 3 ft., heavy \$12 50 to 17 50

3 to 3½ ft., heavy 17 50 to 22 50

I. crenata bullata. *Boxleaf Japanese Holly.*

A hardy, compact, dwarf border plant. Shiny black fruit. A fine substitute for boxwood.

15 to 18 in. \$6 00

1½ to 2 ft. 7 50

2 ft., heavy 17 50

3 ft., heavy 20 00

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

Ilex crenata compacta.

Very dark green, compact grower.	Each
12 to 15 in.....	\$5 00
15 to 18 in.....	6 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	7 50

I. crenata, Green Island. *Green Island Holly.*

Low spreading Holly with horizontal growth. Can be planted in sun or shade. Excellent for low planting areas.

15 to 18 in..	\$8 50
1½ to 2 ft.	10 00
2 to 2½ ft.	12 50

I. crenata helleri. *Heller's Japanese Holly.*

A hardy, flat-growing, oval-shaped plant. Excellent for rockery planting.

10 to 12 in., pot-grown.	\$5 00
12 to 15 in., pot-grown.....	6 00
15 to 18 in., pot-grown.....	7 50

I. crenata, Stokes. *Stokes Japanese Holly.*

Dwarf, compact plant.

10 to 12 in.....	\$5 00
12 to 15 in.....	6 00
15 to 18 in.....	7 50

I. glabra. *Inkberry.*

A native shrub with deep green leaves and black berries, used to advantage in evergreen gardens, along stream and pool or edging woodland.

15 to 18 in.....	\$4 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	5 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	7 50

I. opaca. *American Holly.*

Better known as Christmas Holly. Becoming more and more a favorite. Its shiny leaves and red berries make it a desirable plant for use as a specimen, in mass planting, or for hedges. Will stand pruning.

Sizes and prices on application.

KALMIA latifolia. *Mountain Laurel.*

This, our Connecticut State Plant, is probably the most valuable and beautiful of all our broadleaf evergreens. Produces great masses of pink flowers in June. Can be used for mass plantings, border work, and as a specimen; in fact, it adds beauty anywhere.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$4 75
2 to 2½ ft.....	5 95
2½ to 3 ft.....	7 50

LEUCOTHOE catesbæi. *Drooping Leucothoe.*

A low-growing evergreen plant with arching branches. Rich green leaves turning to bronze in the fall. Showy, fragrant, creamy white flowers in May. Excellent when used in border combinations with laurel and rhododendron.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$6 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	7 95

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

PIERIS (Andromeda) floribunda. *Mountain Andromeda*.

A very hardy evergreen shrub which blooms early in spring, producing an abundance of upright white flower-spikes. Used for border work in mass plantings. Each

12 to 15 in.....	\$6 50
15 to 18 in.....	7 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	10 00

P. japonica. *Japanese Andromeda*.

Truly one of the finest broadleaves with graceful, pendulous sprays of white flowers in early spring, followed by striking wine-colored new growth. Excellent for rockeries, specimens, or bordering taller growing species.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$7 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	10 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$12 50 to 15 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	17 50 to 20 00

PYRACANTHA coccinea, *Government Red*.

A shrubby Thorn with white flower clusters, known best for its red fruit that appears in late summer.

P. coccinea lalandi. *Laland Firethorn*.

A shrubby Thorn with white flower clusters, known best for its orange-red fruit that appears in late summer.

P., *Kazan*.

Similar to Lalandi, but hardier.

Sizes and prices of above three varieties:

	Each
15 to 18 in., pot-grown.....	\$2 50
1½ to 2 ft., pot-grown.....	3 95
2 to 2½ ft., pot-grown.....	5 50
4 to 6 ft., 5-gal. cans, Espalier.....	\$17 50 to 20 00

Rhododendrons

Rhododendrons are easy to grow. Planted in properly prepared soil, they will give satisfaction. There are many types to choose from, ranging from dwarf to tall-growing varieties. For best effects, group plantings are suggested. Good care is necessary. They must have an acid soil and a mulch of oak leaves or lawn clippings. Liberal watering during dry periods is essential.

RHODODENDRON carolinianum. *Carolina Rhododendron*.

Small-leaved variety with pink flowers. Semi-dwarf. Blooms in June. Each

12 to 15 in.....	\$6 00
15 to 18 in.....	\$6 75 to 8 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	7 50 to 10 00
2 to 3 ft., heavy.....	10 00 to 15 00

R. catawbiense. *Catawba Rhododendron*.

Parent of many hybrids. Blooms in May and June. Rosy purple flowers.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$6 95 to \$8 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	8 50 to 10 00

R. maximum. *Rosebay Rhododendron*.

A good plant for shady places. The large leaves are of greater landscape value than the pale pink flowers. Blooms in late June. Prefers acid soil. Good for mass plantings.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$5 95
2 to 3 ft.....	\$6 50 to 8 50
3 to 4 ft.....	9 00 to 12 50
4 to 5 ft.....	12 50 to 17 50

Flowering Shrubs

ARONIA arbutifolia. *Red Chokeberry.*

White flowers tinged with red in early spring. Outstanding red fruit in fall.

	Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$4 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00

BENZOIN æstivale (*Lindera Benzoin*). *Spice-Bush.*

Clusters of yellow flowers in April. Red berries in September, relished by birds. Good for moist ground.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$4 00
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BERBERIS thunbergi atropurpurea. *Redleaf Japanese Barberry.*

Similar to Thunbergi in habit. Foliage bright red in spring, reddish purple in summer and scarlet in fall.

2 to 2½ ft., B&B.....	\$4 00
2½ to 3 ft., B&B.....	5 00

BUDDLEIA. *Butterfly-Bush.*

Pink	Purple	White	
3 yr., pot-grown.....			\$2 00

CORNUS lutea. *Yellowtwig Dogwood.*

Bright yellow bark in winter.	
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50

C. sanguinea. *Redtwig Dogwood.*

Red bark adds color in winter.	
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50

Cotoneaster

This introduction from China is a valuable contribution to the family of flowering shrubs. Graceful habit and beauty of leaf and fruit make it an ideal plant for house foundations, entrances, hedges, or ground-cover plantings.

COTONEASTER divaricata. *Upright Spreading Cotoneaster.*

Small green leaves. Brilliant red berries in autumn. Each	
1½ to 2 ft., pot-grown.....	\$3 00

C. francheti. *Franchet Cotoneaster.*

Olive-green leaves and bright red berries. A graceful, fast grower.

1½ to 2 ft., pot-grown.....	\$3 00
2 to 3 ft., pot-grown.....	5 00

C. horizontalis. *Rock Cotoneaster.*

A dwarf, trailing variety, nearly evergreen, with brilliant red berries.

8 to 10 in., pot-grown.....	\$3 00
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CYDONIA japonica. *Japanese Flowering Quince.*

Also Hybrid varieties	
15 to 18 in., pot-grown.....	\$2 50
1½ to 2 ft., pot-grown.....	3 00

DEUTZIA gracilis.

A dwarf Deutzia, with snowy white flowers. Valuable in border planting. Blooms in May.

15 to 18 in., B&B.....	\$2 50
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ENKIANTHUS campanulatus. *Redvein Enkianthus.*

An erect-growing shrub with pale yellow flowers, tinged with pink in May. Its leaves turn a beautiful scarlet color in the fall.

2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	\$6 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	8 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	10 00

EUONYMUS alatus. *Winged or Corky-barked Euonymus.*

A corky-barked tree with startling crimson foliage in the fall. Good plant for exposed places.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$5 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	6 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	8 50

Flowering Shrubs

Euonymus alatus compactus.

Same habit as Alatus, but in the dwarf form. Good for low hedges and foreground planting.

	Each
2 to 2½ ft., B&B.....	\$4 75
2½ to 3 ft., B&B.....	6 50
3 to 3½ ft., B&B.....	7 50

FORSYTHIA, Beatrix Farrand.

New, large bloom. Orange throat.

F. intermedia, Lynwood Gold.

Erect branches covered with bright yellow flowers from top to bottom.

F. intermedia spectabilis. Showy Border Forsythia.

This showy Forsythia is a little darker yellow than other varieties. One of the best April bloomers.

F. intermedia, Spring Glory.

Arching branches completely covered with large, pale yellow blooms. Produces nearly twice as many blossoms as the common Forsythia.

F. suspensa. Weeping Golden-Bells.

Blooms in late April and early May. Excellent for sprawling over walls or steep banks.

F. suspensa fortunei. Fortune's Golden-Bells.

Blooms in late April and early May. Has especially attractive yellow branches.

Sizes and prices of above six varieties of Forsythia:		Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....		\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....		4 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....		6 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....		7 50

Hibiscus syriacus • Althea; Rose-of-Sharon

The Hibiscus, often known as Althea or Rose-of-Sharon, blooms from July to September, when so few of our shrubs are in flower. They grow as high as 8 to 12 feet.

WHITE	PINK	BLUE	Each
2 to 3 ft., pot-grown.....			\$3 00
3 to 4 ft., pot-grown.....			4 00

HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora. Hills-of-Snow Hydrangea.

H. paniculata grandiflora. Peegee Hydrangea.

Blooms on new growth, August to frost. White, gradually turning to pink. Must be trimmed back severely each year.

ILEX verticillata. Black-Alder; Winterberry.

Native shrub. Bright red berries in late fall, lasting well into the winter. Good Christmas decorations.

KERRIA japonica flore-pleno. Double-flowering Globe-Flower.

Double, yellow, rose-shaped flowers in May. Green-yellow bark.

Sizes and prices of above four varieties of shrubs:		Each
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....		\$3 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....		4 00

KOLKWTZIA amabilis. Beauty-Bush.

Branches arching to ground with beautiful dainty pink blooms in June. Truly one of the best flowering shrubs. Good for flower arrangements.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	7 50

LIGUSTRUM ovalifolium. California Privet.

Rapid growing. Bears black fruit in fall. Very hardy.

2 to 3 ft., bare root.....	\$35 per 100..\$0 50
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Flowering Shrubs

LONICERA fragrantissima. Winter Honeysuckle.

So named because its foliage clings after heavy frosts. Blooms in early April, with creamy white flowers similar in odor to those of honeysuckle vine. Red fruit in summer.

	Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	7 50

PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Sweet Mock-Orange.

The old-fashioned Sweet Syringa or Mock-Orange. This is an old favorite with snow-white flowers in May and June.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	4 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	6 00

P. lemoinei. Lemoine Mock-Orange.

A dwarf-growing shrub with sweet-scented, pure white flowers. Good for border plantings.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00

P. virginalis. Double-flowering Mock-Orange.

A double-flowering variety fast becoming a favorite, with its fragrant, gardenia-like flowers.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00

PRUNUS glandulosa alba-plena. White Double-flowering Almond.

A dwarf-growing shrub adorned with numerous flowers along its many stems.

2 to 3 ft., pot-grown.....	\$3 00
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P. glandulosa rosea-plena. Pink Double-flowering Almond.

A dwarf-growing shrub adorned with numerous flowers along its many stems.

2 to 3 ft., pot-grown.....	\$3 00
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RHODOTYPOS kerrioides. Jetbead.

A handsome shrub bearing dainty white flowers in May and June, followed by jet-black seed borne in clusters and hanging on all winter.

2 to 3 ft., pot-grown.....	\$3 00
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SALIX caprea. Pussy Willow.

A shrubby small tree. Buds open soft, fuzzy gray.

4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	\$5 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	7 50

SPIRÆA bumalda, Anthony Waterer. Crimson Everblooming Spirea.

Flat, rose-pink flowers during hottest days of summer and lasting until early fall. Dwarf grower.

1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....	\$2 50
2 to 2½ ft., B&B.....	3 00

S. thunbergi. Thunberg's Spirea.

Arching branches covered with tiny, single, snow-white flowers in very early spring. The feathery green foliage turns orange and scarlet in autumn.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50
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S. vanhouttei. Vanhoutte Spirea.

Commonly called Bridal Wreath. Showy, arching sprays of clustering white flowers in late May. An aristocrat of flowering shrubs.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00

Flowering Shrubs

SYMPLOCOS paniculata. Asiatic Sweetleaf.

White flowers in spring. Heavily laden with turquoise-blue berries in early autumn. Each

4 to 5 ft., B&B.....\$10 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....12 50

SYRINGA. Lilac. See page 30.

TAMARIX amurensis. Amur Tamarix.

Pink flowers in May. Feathery, blue-green foliage. Very effective near water; thrives at seashore.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....5 00

VACCINIUM corymbosum. Highbush Blueberry.

This native shrub has pink flowers followed by edible blue-black berries. Its leaves turn brilliant red in the fall. Does well in acid soil and needs plenty of moisture.

2 to 3 ft., B&B.....\$4 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....5 00

Viburnum • Snowball

VIBURNUM americanum. American Cranberry.

A handsome shrub bearing large clusters of berries which start turning a deep red about the first of August and hang on all winter. Each

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....5 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....7 50

V. carlesi. Fragrant Viburnum.

This beautiful semi-dwarf shrub starts blooming in May. Flowers are soft pink and very fragrant.

1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....\$3 50
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....5 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....7 50

V. dentatum. Arrow-wood.

A tall-growing type flowering in May and June. Bears blue-black berries in profusion. Leaves turn purple and red.

V. lentago. Nanny-Berry.

A tree-like shrub, rather slender. White flowers in May. Leaves turn reddish in fall. Has large blue-black fruit.

V. opulus. Highbush Cranberry.

The European Cranberry. A very good bush bearing quantities of large clusters of glossy red berries.

V. opulus sterile. Common Snowball.

Bears clusters of snow-white, ball-like flowers in late May.

V. prunifolium. Black-Haw.

A slow-growing, round-headed shrub, bearing pure white flowers followed by pink fruit turning to blue-black.

V. theiferum (setigerum). Tea Viburnum.

Vigorous new Chinese species with long, acuminate, dark lustrous green leaves and conspicuous scarlet fruit.

V. tomentosum. Single Japanese Snowball.

Tree-like growth, producing its spreading branches in layers. In June, these horizontal limbs are covered with wheel-like clusters of dazzling white flowers.

Sizes and prices of above seven varieties of Viburnum:

Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....\$3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....5 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....7 50

V. wrightii. Wright Viburnum.

Semi-dwarf, with white flowers in May and June. Its leaves turn a bright autumn red and its small scarlet berries hang on all winter.

2 to 3 ft., B&B.....\$3 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....5 00

Flowering Shrubs

WEIGELA candida. *White Weigela.*

Cream-white flowers in early June. Rapid grower. Each
 4 to 5 ft., B&B.....\$5 00
 5 to 6 ft., B&B..... 7 50

W. rosea. *Pink and White Weigela.*

Good color and dwarf growth give this plant an advantage.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....\$3 50
 4 to 5 ft., B&B..... 5 00
 5 to 6 ft., B&B..... 7 50

W. vaniceki. *Red Weigela.*

Flowers similar to Eva Rathke, but grows much larger.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....\$3 50
 4 to 5 ft., B&B..... 5 00
 5 to 6 ft., B&B..... 7 50

Syringa • Lilac

Spring is at its height when the Lilacs are in flower. Of the many flowering shrubs, the Lilac is surely the most reliable, lasts longer, and annually bears the handsomest flowers.

Lilacs want a sweet soil and bloom best when in full sunshine. The Hybrid varieties are popular. They are also known as French Lilacs. Their colors include pure white, shades of blue, and red, in large, single or double flower heads.

Common Purple Lilac. Single. Purple.

Each

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....\$5 00
 4 to 5 ft., B&B..... 6 00

HYBRID LILACS

Charles X. Single. Reddish purple.

Hugo Koster. Single. Blue.

Jean Mace. Double. Bluish mauve.

Katharine Havemeyer. Double. Cobalt-blue.

Ludwig Spaeth. Single. Dark red.

Marie Legraye. Single. White.

Michel Buchner. Double. Blue.

Mme. F. Morel. Single. Deep pink.

Mme. Lemoine. Double. Large white.

Pres. Grevy. Double. Blue.

Pres. Lincoln. Single. Bluish violet.

Pres. Poincare. Double. Clear red-purple.

Reaumur. Single. Violet-carmine.

Wm. Robinson. Double. Violet-pink.

Sizes and prices of above Hybrid Lilacs:

Each

2 to 3 ft., B&B.....\$5 00
 3 to 4 ft., B&B..... 6 50
 4 to 5 ft., B&B..... 7 50

Hardy Vines

AMPELOPSIS tricuspidata lowi. *Geranium Creeper.*

A dwarf type of Boston Ivy. Clings to smooth surfaces.

Each

Pot-grown.....\$3 50

A. tricuspidata veitchi. *Japanese or Boston Ivy.*

This Ampelopsis will cling to stone and wood. It is a dense grower. Its leaves turn a brilliant color in fall.

Pot-grown.....\$2 50

BIGNONIA, Mme. Galen. *Hybrid Trumpet Creeper.*

Large orange-scarlet flowers in August and September.

Pot-grown.....\$2 50

CELASTRUS orbiculatus. *Oriental Bittersweet.*

Rapid grower. Brilliant orange-yellow fruit in the fall.

Pot-grown.....\$2 50

Hardy Vines

CLEMATIS paniculata. *Small White-flowered Clematis.*

Light green foliage and fragrant, star-like, white flowers in great profusion in August and September. Excellent for trellises and arbors.

Pot-grown.....Each
\$2 50

HYBRID CLEMATIS

Large-flowered Clematis. In variety.

Pot-grown.....\$3 50

EUONYMUS radicans. *Winter-Creeper.*

Self-clinging. Its small pointed leaves make a dense covering for almost any type of wall. Very hardy. Evergreen.

Pot-grown.....\$2 50

E. radicans vegetus. *Big-leaf Winter-Creeper.*

Called Evergreen Bittersweet. Round leaves of dull green color. Does well in any position. A self-clinging vine with fine orange-colored fruit. Evergreen.

Pot-grown.....\$2 50

HEDERA helix and H. helix baltica. See below.

HYDRANGEA petiolaris. *Climbing Hydrangea.*

Good for a wall cover or on stone buildings. Flowers fragrant, white, blooming in early summer. Does well in exposed spots.

1½ to 2½ ft., 10-in. cans.....\$8 50

LONICERA japonica halliana. *Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle.*

See page 32.

POLYGONUM auberti. *Silver Lace-Vine.*

Flowers are fleecy white. Will grow in any location.

Pot-grown.....\$2 50

Wisteria

A very strong grower. It has attractive pale green foliage and, early in summer, a great profusion of flowers in long, pendulous clusters. Our plants were grafted from selected, large-flowering vines and are guaranteed to bloom.

WISTERIA sinensis. *Blue Wisteria.*

5 to 7 ft., staked vines, B&B.....\$6 50

Ground-Cover Plants

COTONEASTER dammeri. *Bearberry Cotoneaster.*

Evergreen ground cover. White flowers. Scarlet berry.

Pot-grown.....Each
\$3 00

HEDERA helix. *English Ivy.*

Happily located, this is a very desirable vine. Has good dark green foliage and is long lived.

Pot-grown.....\$50 per 100..\$0 65

H. helix baltica. *Hardy English Ivy.*

Very much like English Ivy, only smaller leaved. Very hardy. Clings tightly. Should be better known.

Pot-grown.....\$50 per 100..\$0 65

H. helix baltica 238th Street. *Bronxensis Ivy.*

Especially hardy and handsome. Recommended for more difficult locations.

Pot-grown.....\$0 65

Ground-Cover Plants

LONICERA japonica halliana. *Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle.*

Almost evergreen. Flowers yellow and white; very fragrant. Used as a ground cover. Each

Pot-grown.....\$150 per 100 \$2 00

PACHYSANDRA terminalis. *Japanese Spurge.*

Used extensively as a ground cover. It is also used to border laurel and rhododendron plantings. Good to plant under trees where grass will not grow.

Root-bound flat of 60 plants, \$6.75 per flat\$0 25

VINCA minor. *Myrtle; Periwinkle.*

Does well in shady places; also used as a ground cover and rockery plant. Dark shiny leaves and blue blossoms. Does not grow well under maple trees where ground is bare.

Pot-grown.....\$25 per 100..\$0 40

Roses—Potted

Our Roses are **number one grade** and the finest we can buy. They reach us in late fall immediately after being dug, and upon receipt they are dipped in an activator and potted.

The soil mixture used for potting is carefully prepared and consists of humus, peat moss, sand and compost, mixed with rotted manure. They are then held dormant in our storage cellar, at constant temperature. They are in a vigorous growing condition when you buy them.

Because of special culture requirements for success with Roses, and the many factors that affect their survival, we cannot guarantee Roses to survive our New England winters.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Americana. Brilliant red.

Arlene Francis. Golden yellow.

Hawaii. Orange-coral.

Helen Traubel. Pink.

K. A. Viktoria. White.

Kordes Perfecta. Red, white and yellow

New Yorker. Red.

Nobility. Shell-pink.

Peace. Golden yellow, edged pink.

Tropicana. Orange-red.

Pot-grown plants, \$3.50 to \$5.00 each

Floribunda Roses

Betty Prior. Pink.

Fashion. Coral.

Firecracker. Red.

Fusilier. Orange-scarlet.

Golden Fleece. Yellow.

Goldilocks. Golden yellow.

Ivory Fashion. Ivory.

The Farmer's Wife. Pink.

Pot-grown plants, \$3.00 to \$4.00 each

Climbing Roses

Blaze. Scarlet.
Climbing Goldilocks. Yellow.
Climbing Peace. Yellow to pink.
New Dawn. Light pink.
White Dawn. White.

Pot-grown plants, \$3.00 to \$4.00 each

Grandiflora Roses

Queen Elizabeth. Clear pink.

Pot-grown plants, \$3.50 each

Tree Roses

Americana. Brilliant red.
Arlene Francis. Medium yellow.
Gail Borden. Pink blend.
Peace. Golden yellow edged with pink.
Queen Elizabeth. Clear pink.
Tanya. Orange.
Tropicana. Orange-red.
White Queen. White.

Pot-grown, \$7.50 each

Shrub Roses

ROSA hugonis. *Father Hugo's Rose*.

Blooms profusely, with yellow flowers in early May. Fern-like foliage. A splendid hardy shrub Rose for the garden.

Each
Pot-grown.....\$3 50

R. rugosa. *Rugosa Rose*.

Large pink or red flowers from June to September. Use in borders or hedges.

Pot-grown.....\$3 50

TROPICANA ROSE



Suggestions for Dwarf Hedges

BERBERIS julianae. *Wintergreen Barberry.*

Deep green lustrous leaves turning vivid scarlet before they fall. Clustered yellow flowers; purplish fruits.

B. verruculosa. *Warty Barberry.*

Bushy and densely clothed with small, shiny green, holly-like leaves. Attractive yellow flowers followed by inconspicuous black fruit.

BUXUS koreana. *Korean Boxwood.*

Very hardy. Will grow where the more tender English Boxwood will winter-kill.

B. sempervirens. *Boxwood.*

Hardest type of Boxwood. Dark green. Compact in growth.

ILEX crenata bullata. *Boxleaf Japanese Holly.*

A hardy, compact, dwarf border plant. Shiny black fruit.

I. crenata compacta.

Very dark green. Compact grower.

I. crenata helleri. *Heller's Japanese Holly.*

A hardy, flat-growing, oval-shaped plant.

I. crenata, Stokes. *Stokes Japanese Holly.*

Dwarf, compact plant.

POTENTILLA fruticosa. *Gold Drop.*

A charming small shrub densely covered with small, fern-like leaves studded with intensely brilliant golden yellow, buttercup-like flowers from early June until October.

TAXUS cuspidata nana (brevifolia). *Dwarf Japanese Yew.*

Artistic and irregular, spreading growth if allowed its freedom. It is very hardy and has deep green foliage.

TEUCRIUM chamaedrys.

Shrub-like plant of moderate growth. Has shiny dark leaves. The glossy green foliage resembles dwarf Boxwood.

Fruit Department

APPLES, Standard. In variety.

Each

1¼ to 1½-in. cal., B&B.....	\$15 00
1½ to 2-in. cal., B&B.....	\$20 00 to 25 00
2 to 2½-in. cal., B&B.....	25 00 to 30 00
2½ to 3-in. cal., B&B.....	27 50 to 35 00
3 to 3½-in. cal., B&B.....	30 00 to 40 00

APPLES, Dwarf. In variety.

3 yr., potted.....	\$5 00 to \$6 00
¾ to 1-in. cal., B&B.....	12 50
1 to 1½-in. cal., B&B.....	15 00

PEARS, Standard. In variety.

1¼ to 1½-in. cal., B&B.....	\$15 00
1½ to 2-in. cal., B&B.....	\$20 00 to 25 00



CASH and CARRY DEPARTMENT

As shown above, here you will find thousands of plants freshly dug from our nursery fields. Select your plants, pay for them, take them with you and save 5% on the regular catalog prices.

Following are varieties which will be available. For prices, check these items with catalog.

Ornamental and Shade Trees

ACER palmatum atropurpureum. *Japanese Red Maple.*

BETULA alba laciniata. *Cut-leaf Weeping Birch.*

SALIX, Niobe. *Golden Weeping Willow.*

Flowering Trees

CERCIS canadensis. *Redbud; Judas-Tree.*

CORNUS. *Dogwood, Pink, White, Japanese.*

CRATAEGUS. *Hawthorn, Pink and Scarlet.*

GORDONIA alatamaha. *Gordonia.*

LABURNUM vossi. *Vossi Golden-Chain.*

MAGNOLIA. *Magnolia, Saucer and Star.*

MALUS. *Flowering Crab-Apple, in variety.*

OXYDENDRUM arboreum. *Sorrel-Tree.*

PRUNUS. *Japanese Cherry and Plum.*

Plants in Cash and Carry Department will be available in small and medium sizes only.

CASH and CARRY DEPARTMENT

THE DISCOUNT WILL BE ALLOWED ONLY WHEN YOU PAY FOR PLANTS AT TIME OF PURCHASE AND TAKE THEM WITH YOU.

Only plants sold on these terms are subject to a discount. All other plants carry the regular catalog prices.

AZALEAS. In variety.

Evergreens

CEDRUS. *Cedar.*

CRYPTOMERIA. *Temple Tree.*

JUNIPERUS. *Juniper*, Spreading and Columnar varieties.

PINUS. *Pine, Mugho*, White and Black.

PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi. *Douglas Fir.*

TAXUS. *Yew*, Spreading, Pyramidal and Dwarf varieties.

THUJA. *Arborvitae*, Globe and Pyramidal.

TSUGA. *Hemlock*, Canadian and Carolina.

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

ABELIA grandiflora. *Glossy Abelia.*

BERBERIS julianae. *Wintergreen Barberry.*

ILEX aquifolium. *English Holly.*

I. crenata. *Japanese Holly.*

I. crenata bullata. *Boxleaf Japanese Holly.*

I. crenata compacta.

I. crenata helleri. *Heller's Japanese Holly.*

I. glabra. *Inkberry.*

I. opaca. *American Holly.*

KALMIA latifolia. *Mountain Laurel.*

LEUCOTHOE catesbaei. *Drooping Leucothoe.*

PIERIS. *Andromeda.*

PYRACANTHA. *Firethorn.*

RHODODENDRONS. In variety.

Flowering Shrubs

In variety.

LILACS. Common Purple and Hybrid, in variety.

Hardy Vines

In variety.

WISTERIA. Blue.

Ground-Cover Plants

HEDERA helix. *English Ivy.*

H. helix baltica. *Hardy English Ivy.*

LONICERA japonica halliana. *Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle.*

PACHYSANDRA terminalis. *Japanese Spurge.*

VINCA minor. *Myrtle; Periwinkle.*

Roses

CLIMBING, FLORIBUNDA, GRANDIFLORA, HYBRID
TEA and TREE.

Fruit

APPLES and PEARS. In variety.

Horticultural Supplies

FERTILIZERS, LIMESTONE, PEAT MOSS, HUMUS and
LAWN SEED are in this department.

Fertilizers

SPRING AND FALL COMPLETE FERTILIZER FOR LAWNS:

Agrico Country Club 10-6-4. 25% Natural Organic.

50-lb. bag \$3 45

FERTILIZER FOR TREES AND SHRUBS:

Agrico. 25-lb. bag \$1 95

50-lb. bag 2 95

FERTILIZER FOR BROADLEAFS:

Agrico. 25-lb. bag \$2 10

FERTILIZER FOR ROSES:

Agrico Rose Food. 5-lb. bag \$0 95

ALL-PURPOSE FERTILIZER:

Bovert 6-4-2. 50% organic.

40-lb. bag \$3 60

100% ORGANICS:

Excellent for lawns, trees, shrubs, etc., during growing season and useful when planting nursery plants. (See Planting Instructions, page 6.)

Agrinite, 7% nitrogen.

25-lb. bag \$2 10

50-lb. bag 3 75

Cottonseed Meal, 6½% nitrogen.

50-lb. bag \$5 50

100-lb. bag 9 50

Cow Manure. 25-lb. bag 1 95

50-lb. bag 2 95

Milorganite, 5½% nitrogen. 40-lb. bag 2 95

50-lb. bag 3 55

These organic materials will not burn even when applied during the hot dry months. Rate of application for lawns, 15 to 20 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft.

GROUND CONDITIONERS:

Limestone, Quick-acting. Non-burning, for spring applications. 50-lb. bag \$1 00

Limestone, Regular. For fall use. 50-lb. bag 1 00

Limestone, Dolomitic. With high calcium and magnesium content. 100-lb. bag 1 50

PEAT MOSS. Plastic bag (3 pk.) \$1 25

2 cu. ft. bale 2 75

4 cu. ft. bale 4 00

7½ cu. ft. bale, European 6 95

LAWN SEED. This you will find in our Cash and Carry Dept., in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 25-lb. lots.



FOR EASTER

Easter Sunday comes on April 14th. This is an ideal time to plant a lasting tree or flowering plant.

FOR MOTHER'S DAY

May 12

Azaleas • Viburnum carlesi • Dogwood
Magnolia • Flowering Crab-apple
Flowering Cherry • Flowering Shrubs

AVAILABLE FOR FALL PLANTING

Holland Bulbs

Hardy Garden Chrysanthemums

LIVE *Christmas* TREES

DOUGLAS FIR is used extensively for Christmas trees. Hundreds of our customers annually enjoy this Fir in their home during the holidays. *It does not drop its needles indoors.* After Christmas, plant it outside as a lawn specimen or the start of a windbreak or screen.

CONCOLOR FIR is also used for Christmas trees. This tree has silver-green foliage.

Our Douglas Fir and Concolor Fir will be freshly dug from our Nursery fields after Thanksgiving. There will be many fine trees available in sizes from 2 to 7 ft.

Full-Grown Douglas Fir





WHITE-FLOWERING DOGWOOD



PINK-FLOWERING DOGWOOD



The
HOYT NURSERIES
NEW CANAAN, CONN.

Tel.: 966-1633

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